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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
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10/591,121

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Yi Xiong

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EXAMINER

PATEL, JAY P

ART UNIT

PAPER NUMBER

2419

MAIL DATE

DELIVERY MODE

10/29/2008

PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Office Action Summary	Application No. 10/591,121	Applicant(s) XIONG ET AL.	
	Examiner JAY P. PATEL	Art Unit 2419	

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 30 August 2006.
- 2a) ☐ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☒ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-11 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1-11 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☒ The drawing(s) filed on 30 August 2006 is/are: a) ☒ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☒ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☒ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413) |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) | Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____ |
| 3) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application |
| Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>8/22/2008</u> . | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____ |

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

2. Claim 1-4 and 11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Filsfils et al. (US Publication 20060193248 A1).

In regards to claims 1 and 11, Filsfils teaches a memory 440 within provider edge device 400 (see figure 4). The memory 440 may include a separate label forwarding table for storing IGP label information (setting routing information of an outer tunnel) (see paragraph 54 on page 6). IGP label determines the packet's next hop within a routing domain (see paragraph 19 on page 2) and is the top label over a VPN label. Furthermore, the operating system may perform a label lookup operation in the label forwarding table 500 based on the packet's VPN label (setting routing information of an inner tunnel) (see paragraph 54 on page 6).

In further regards to claims 1 and 11, figure 2 shows a PE3 (a double-ascription Provider Edge) which may route the packet (an initial node of the tunnels) and a PE2 (a terminal node of the tunnels) from where the packet exits network 110 and is received by CE2 (a remoter customer edge (CE)).

In further regards to claims 1 and 11, figure 5 illustrates the contents of forwarding table 500 from memory 440. The FRR enable flag 550, stores a value indicating whether FRR operation are currently being performed for data packet having VPN label values and destination IP addresses that match the contents of the table entry 510. When the operating system 460 detects a node or link failure over a PE-CE data link, the operating system sets the FRR enable flag values for those IP address prefixes 520 that were reachable over the failed PE-CE link (detecting tunnel states to obtain state information of the tunnels and updating the state information when it has changed) (see paragraph 56 on page 6).

In further regards to claims 1 and 11, the results of the table look up operation can be used to determine a particular PE-CE link over which the received packet should be forwarded next (the double-ascription PE of the remote CE obtaining available routing information according to the tunnel state information and the routing information of the at least two tunnels, and forwarding the service according to the available routing information) (see paragraph 54 on page 6).

In regards to claim 2, the memory 440 may include a separate label forwarding table for storing IGP label information (see paragraph 54 on page 6). IGP label determines the packet's next hop within a routing domain (see paragraph 19 on page 2) and is the top label (therefore, the present of an outer tunnel defining an LSP is inherent) (also see paragraphs 25 and 26 on page 3) over a VPN label (see paragraph 31 on page 4). Furthermore, the operating system may perform a label lookup

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operation in the label forwarding table 500 based on the packet's VPN label (inner tunnel) (see paragraph 54 on page 6).

In regards to claim 3, the table 500 in addition to a VPN label column 530, also contains a back up PE device column 570 and backup label stack column 580 (sub optimal routing information). The IGP label value may be determined based on the contents of a separate label forwarding table configured (pre-configured matching strategies) to store IGP label information used to forward data packets within the provided network 110 (see paragraph 58 on page 7).

In regards to claim 4, the FRR enable flag 550, stores a value indicating whether FRR operation are currently being performed for data packet having VPN label values and destination IP addresses that match the contents of the table entry 510. When the operating system 460 detects a node or link failure over a PE-CE data link, the operating system sets the FRR enable flag values for those IP address prefixes 520 that were reachable over the failed PE-CE link (see paragraph 56 on page 6).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

4. Claims 5-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Filsfils et al. (US Publication 20060193248 A1) further in view of Goguen et al. (US Patent 7343423 B2).

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5. In regards to claim 5, Filsfils teaches all the limitations of parent claims 1 and 2. Filsfils fails to teach, advertising the availability/unavailability of the tunnel through a tunnel fast convergence technique. Goguen however teaches the above-mentioned limitation. Goguen teaches a routing processor 202 which notifies all linecards 108 of a link failure in an LSP when one linecard 108 detects a failure (see column 6, lines 56-67).

Therefore, it would have been obvious for one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the failure notification taught by Goguen into the FRR enable flag setting taught by Filsfils. The motivation to do so would be to protect all LSPs which use a failed link because all LSPs that use a failed link will also fail.

6. In regards to claims 6-7, Filsfils in combination with Goguen teaches all the limitations of parent claims 1-2 and 5. Filsfils fails to teach updating the tunnel state information in a forwarding table or a storage unit.

Goguen however teaches the above-mentioned limitation in step 404 where each linecard 108 sets its global fix-up flag if it not already set to indicate that there is now an active rewrite process for adjacency information in forwarding table 302 (see column 6, lines 66-67 and column 7, lines 1-2).

Therefore, it would have been obvious for one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the failure notification taught by Goguen into the FRR enable flag setting taught by Filsfils. The motivation to do so would be to

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protect all LSPs which use a failed link because all LSPs that use a failed link will also fail.

7. In regards to claim 8, Filsfils illustrates the operation in figure 7. At step 720, if the FRR is not enabled (obtaining the state of the primary tunnel and judging that the primary tunnel available), the packet is forwarded using the received VPN label value (forwarding the service to the remote CE through the primary tunnel).

If at step 720, if the FRR is enabling (primary tunnel is not available), after subsequent steps, the packet is forwarded through a backup PE device at step 755.

8. In regards to claim 9, Filsfils in combination with Goguen teaches all the limitations of parent claims 1-2 and 5-7. Filsfils fails to teach, obtaining the state information of the backup tunnel and confirming that the state information of the backup tunnel is available. Goguen teaches the above-mentioned limitation at step 512 where a determination is made to see if the backup tunnel active table entry is set.

Therefore, it would have been obvious for one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the failure notification taught by Goguen into the FRR enable flag setting taught by Filsfils. The motivation to do so would be to protect all LSPs which use a failed link because all LSPs that use a failed link will also fail.

9. In regards to claim 10, Filsfils illustrates the operation in figure 7. At step 720, if the FRR is not enabled (obtaining the state of the primary tunnel and judging that the primary tunnel available), the packet is forwarded using the received VPN label value (forwarding the service to the remote CE through the primary tunnel).

If at step 720, if the FRR is enabling (primary tunnel is not available), after subsequent steps, the packet is forwarded through a backup PE device at step 755.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to JAY P. PATEL whose telephone number is (571)272-3086. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 9:00 am - 5:00 p.m..

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Edan Orgad can be reached on (571) 272-7884. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Jay P. Patel
Examiner
Art Unit 2419

/J. P. P./
Examiner, Art Unit 2419

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/Edan Orgad/

Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 2419